

Internal Audit Report for Peasenhall Parish Council for the year ending 31st March 2021

Clerk	Alison Bramall (Locum)
RFO (if different)	
Chairperson	Steve Pewsey
Precept	£11,957.39
Income	£13,738.08
Expenditure	£8,657.84
General reserves	£35,749.22
Earmarked reserves	None seen
Audit type	Annual
Auditor name	Vicky Waples

Introduction

The primary objective of internal audit is to review, appraise and report upon the adequacy of internal control systems operating throughout the council. To achieve this SALC adopt a predominantly systems-based approach to audit.

The council's internal control system comprises the whole network of systems established within the council to provide reasonable assurance that the council's objectives will be achieved, with reference to:

- the effectiveness of operations
- the economic and efficient use of resources

- compliance with applicable policies, procedures, laws and regulations
- the safeguarding of assets and interests from losses of all kinds, including those arising from fraud, irregularity and corruption
- the integrity and reliability of information, accounts and data

Methodology

When conducting the audit, the internal auditor may:

- carry out a selective assessment of compliance with relevant procedures and controls expected to be in operation during the financial year in order to be able to complete the Annual Internal Audit Report 2020/21 of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return (AGAR)
- review the reliability and integrity of financial information and the means used to identify, measure, classify and report such information
- review the means of safeguarding assets and, as appropriate, verify the existence of such assets
- appraise the economy and efficiency with which resources are employed, identify opportunities to improve performance and recommend solutions to problems
- review the established systems to ensure compliance with those policies, procedures, laws and regulations which could have a significant impact on operations, and determine whether the council complies
- review the operations and activities to ascertain whether results are consistent with objectives and whether they are being carried out as planned

Section 1 – proper bookkeeping		
The internal auditor will look at the methods and processes used to manage the council’s accounts and in particular that it provides clear data for reporting and monitoring purposes. This includes checking information is accurate, kept up to date, referenced and verified.		
Evidence		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
<i>Is the ledger maintained and up to date?</i>	Yes	Computerised cash sheets are used which provide details on the entries and the matters to which the council’s receipts and payments relate.
<i>Is the cash book up to date and regularly verified?</i>	Yes	The cashbook is kept up to date and reconciled on a quarterly basis.
<i>Is the arithmetic correct?</i>	<i>Partly met</i>	The accounting records were spot checked – and the following was found: 1. Interest was incorrectly stated within the cashbook which resulted in the year-end bank statement and final accounts failing to agree (£4.18 <i>correct sum</i> as opposed to £4.31) 2. A cancelled cheque has been entered as income (£25.00).
Additional comments: Council, following advice, revisited the final accounts once the correct income figures had been ascertained and amendments to the cashbook made and signed the Receipts and Payments Summary ensuring that the Summary and Total Funds balanced and that there was overall agreement to the final figures. Whilst the overall result (with regards to Item 2) might not affect the financial statements it would have caused a distortion in the overall income received. The treatment of cancelled cheques is a contra entry within payments and not allocated as a receipt.		

Section 2 – Financial Regulation and Standing Orders		
The internal auditor will check the date the Council carried out its annual review of both Standing Orders and Financial Regulations and in particular check if these are based on NALC’S latest model which include legislative changes.		
Evidence		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
Have Standing Orders been adopted, up to date and reviewed annually?	Yes	Council reviewed its Standing Orders at its meeting of 25 th November 2020, a copy of which can be found on the Council’s website and which are based on the Model Standing Orders produced by NALC in 2018 which take into account changes in legislation since those produced in 2013.

Are Financial Regulations up to date and reviewed annually?	Yes	The Council's Financial Regulations were also reviewed at the meeting of the Council on 25 th November 2020, a copy of which can be found on the Council's website and which are based on the Model Financial Regulations produced by NALC in 2019.
Has the Council properly tailored the Financial Regulations?	Yes	Those seen on the website have been fully tailored to the Parish Council
Has the Council appointed a Responsible Financial Officer (RFO)? ¹	Yes	In accordance with legislation, the Council's Standing Orders and Financial Regulations state that the Clerk is appointed as the RFO. Following the resignation of the Clerk/RFO the minutes of 27 th January 2021, noted that Cllr. Potter be appointed as the Responsible Financial Officer as an interim measure.
Additional comments:		

<p>Section 3 – Payment controls The internal auditor will specifically check bank reconciliation including credit/debit cards and management approval processes and evidence that internal Financial Regulations (FO) are being followed. The internal auditor will examine how regular payments are managed and specifically seek evidence that these have been brought back to the Council for verification purposes especially where the actual payment made differs from the amount previously agreed. VAT should be clearly identified including evidence that claims have been correctly managed. The internal auditor will check if the Council has a clear understanding on eligibility in relation to the General Power of Competence and that s.137 has been correctly applied and managed.</p>		
Evidence		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
Is there supporting paperwork for payments with appropriate authorisation?	Yes	At each scheduled meeting, a list of all payments is presented to the meeting with formal approval of such expenditure being shown in the minutes. Spot checks were carried out on the payment schedules referred to in the minutes. Council shows good practise by ensuring that payments made away from the meeting are brought back to full Council as retrospective payments and approved at the next meeting.

¹ Section 151 Local Government Act 1972 (d)

Where applicable, are internet banking transactions properly recorded and approved?	Yes	Internet banking is operated by the Council with evidence as to the procedures to be followed added to the Council's risk register to ensure there are mitigation measures in place. <i>Comment: Council has in place safe and efficient arrangements to safeguard public money.</i>
Is VAT correctly identified, recorded and claimed within time limits?	Yes	VAT is identified in the cash book and the year-end position of £81.65 is verified from records seen. The claim for the period from 11 November 2019 to 31 January 2021 in the sum of £131.26 has still to be settled.
Has the Council adopted the General Power of Competence (GPOC) and is there evidence this is being applied correctly? ²	No	Council does not use the General Power of Competence.
Are payments under s.137 ³ separately recorded, minuted and is there evidence of direct benefit to electorate?	Yes	Payments made under this power for the year under review totalled £1,820. Expenditure incurred under this power was within statutory guidelines and limits.
Where applicable, are payments of interest and principal sums in respect of loans paid in accordance with agreements?	<i>Not applicable</i>	The Council has no Public Works Loan and as such incurred no interest payments for the period under review.
Additional comments:		

Section 4 – Risk management		
The internal auditor will expect to find evidence of the management of risks from identification of what those are for each individual Council through to how these will be managed and the controls in place to mitigate these and that these have been approved by the Council.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Is there evidence of risk assessment documentation?</i>	Yes	At the meeting of 24 th February 2021, Council's risk assessment documentation for the year ending 31 st March 2021 was considered as being

² Localism Act

³ Section 137 of the Local Government Act 1972 ("the 1972 Act") enables local councils to spend a limited amount of money for purposes for which they have no other specific statutory expenditure. The basic power is for a local council to spend money (subject to the statutory limit – of £8.12 per elector) on purposes for the direct benefit of its area, or part of its area, or all or some of its inhabitants.

		adequate and covered in general terms the matters which could prevent a smaller relevant body from functioning.
<i>Is there evidence that risks are being identified and managed?</i>	Yes	Within its current risk assessment documentation, Council has taken steps to identify, assess and record the risks associated with its actions and decisions it has taken or considered taking during the year that could have financial or reputational consequences and that appropriate action has been taken to ensure measures are in place to mitigate and manage the risk.
<i>Does the Council have appropriate and adequate insurance cover in place for employment, public liability and fidelity guarantee and has been reviewed on an annual basis?</i>	Yes	Council has insurance in place under a Local Councils Policy which shows core cover for the following: Public liability: £10m; Public/Products Liability: £10m and Fidelity Guarantee of £250k. The level of Fidelity Guarantee meets the recommended guidelines which provides that the cover should be at least the sum of the year-end balances plus 50% of the precept/grants. The meeting of 28 th October 2020, records that the Council has carried out an annual review of the insurance cover provided under its policy and confirmed that the terms of the policy remained acceptable, and cover was in place for all known risks and assets under the Council's remit.
<i>Evidence that internal controls are documented and regularly reviewed⁴</i>	<i>Partly met</i>	During the year under review, Council did not carry out a review of its internal control procedures and did not evidence that it had in place a sound system of internal control. <i>Comment: whilst there are limited internal controls within Council's Risk Register, Council should note the requirement under the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, to annually review the effectiveness of its system of internal control to ensure that it has mitigation measures in place to address the risks associated with the management of public finances.</i>
<i>Evidence that a review of the effectiveness of internal audit has been carried out during the year⁵</i>	<i>Partly met</i>	Whilst the Council's Risk Register states that the audit plan and scope of work to be carried out by internal audit to be procured is adequate there was no formal review of the effectiveness of the internal audit to be procured.

⁴ Accounts and Audit Regulations

⁵ Governance and Accountability Guide

		<i>Comment: by reviewing the effectiveness for internal audit the council would be following guidance and would have demonstrated that it recognised that the function of internal audit is to test and report to the authority on whether its system of internal control is adequate.</i>
Additional comments:		

Section 5 – Budgetary controls The internal auditor will seek verification that budgets are properly prepared, agreed and monitored. In particular they will look for evidence of good practice in that the key stages of the budgetary process have been followed		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Verify that budget has been properly prepared and agreed</i>	Yes	The revenue budget for the year 2020-2021 in the sum of £8,796 was approved by full Council at a meeting of 27 th November 2019.
<i>Verify that the precept amount has been agreed in full Council and clearly minuted</i>	Yes	The precept for the year 2020-2021 in the sum of £11,957 was also approved by full Council at the meeting of 27 th November 2019 with the minutes acknowledging that the precept being set represented a 0% change on the tax charge of the previous year.
<i>Regular reporting of expenditure and variances from budget</i>	Yes	Comparisons between budgeted and actual income and expenditure are included within the documentation presented to Councillors and submitted in accordance with the timescales as stated in Council's Standing Orders.
<i>Reserves held – general and earmarked⁶</i>	Partly met	Council's final accounts show general reserves in the sum of £35,749.22. No breakdown of the reserves held was submitted for internal audit review. Recommendation: Council is reminded of the guidance as issued by Proper Practices which states that it is regarded as acceptable for a council's general (non-earmarked revenue) reserves to be equal to 3 to 12 months of Net Revenue Expenditure and should ensure that the level

⁶ In accordance with proper practices, the generally accepted minimum level of a Smaller Authority's General Reserve is that this should be maintained at between three (3) and twelve (12) months of Net Revenue Expenditure

	<p>of general reserves adopted is in accordance with its General Reserve Policy. There is no upper limit for Earmarked Reserves, but they should be held for genuine and intended purposes and their level subject to regular review and justification (at least annually).</p>
<p>Additional comments: <i>Budget: Council has shown good practice by following the recommended key stages as to the budgetary process to be followed for the year:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>decide the form and level of detail of the budget;</i> • <i>review the current year budget and spending;</i> • <i>determine the cost of spending plans;</i> • <i>assess levels of income;</i> • <i>bring together spending and income plans;</i> • <i>provide for contingencies and consider the need for reserves;</i> • <i>approve the budget;</i> • <i>confirm the precept or rates and special levies; and</i> • <i>review progress against the budget regularly throughout the year.</i> <p>Recommendation: Reserves: Council should note guidance as issued under the Practitioners Guide 2020 which states that an authority needs to have regard to the need to put in place a General Reserve Policy and that such Reserves are held in accordance with that Policy and that the level and purpose of all Earmarked Reserves are annually reviewed.</p>	

<p>Section 6 – income controls The internal auditor will seek evidence to ensure income is correct managed – recorded, banked and reported and test mechanisms used to achieve this.</p>		
<p>Evidence</p>		<p>Internal auditor commentary</p>
<p><i>Is income properly recorded and promptly banked?</i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>Income is recorded in accordance with Council’s Financial Regulations. A number of items of income were cross checked against cash book and bank statement and found to be in order.</p>

<i>Is income reported to full council?</i>	Yes	Income received is reported to full Council within the financial reports submitted at each scheduled meeting and summarised as income received to date. <i>Comment: the internal auditor was unable to carry out any sampling on income received as no evidence was provided for the receipts requested.</i>
<i>Does the precept recorded agree to the Council Tax Authority's notification?</i>	Partly met	The council received precept of £11,957.39 during the year under review in April and September 2020. <i>Comment: Despite being requested by the internal auditor, no evidence was provided showing a full audit trail from Precept being discussed and approved to that served on the Charging Authority to receipt of same in the Council's Bank Account.</i>
<i>If appropriate, are CIL reporting schedules in accordance with the Regulations?⁷</i>	Yes	For the year under review Council did not receive any CIL Receipts and has no CIL retained balance.
Additional comments: Recommendation: to provide a full audit trail, Council should ensure that evidence of monies received during the year is retained and provided for internal audit purposes to allow a review to be carried out to ensure that the appropriate control procedures and documentation are in place through to invoicing and recovery of all applicable income.		

Section 8 – Petty cash The Internal Auditor will seek evidence that the Council has followed its own policies, procedures and verification processes and that these are up to date.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Is petty cash in operation?</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>	Council does not operate a petty cash system.
<i>If appropriate, is there an adequate control system in place?</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>	

⁷ Community Infrastructure Levy Regulations 2010

Section 9 – Payroll controls		
<p>The Internal Auditor will check salaries are approved in accordance with PAYE, NI, Pension and that there is a clear understanding that the clerk is not self-employed. If the Clerk was recruited after 1st April 201, evidence will be required to show compliance with the new requirements for the statement of employment, Induction, probation periods and training requirements. The Internal Auditor will also review how payroll is managed including evidence of approval of payslips.</p>		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Do all employees have contracts of employment?</i>	Yes	Council had 1 employee on its payroll at the period end of 31 st March 2021. Employment contracts were not reviewed during the internal audit which was carried out via remote means.
<i>Has the Council approved salary paid?</i>	Yes	
<i>Minimum wage paid?</i>	No	All salary payments and amendments to contracts are approved by full Council.
<i>Are arrangements in place for authorising of the payroll and payments to the council? Does this include a verification process for agreeing rates of pay to be applied?</i>	Yes	The payroll function is operated in accordance with HM Revenue and Custom guidelines. There are suitable payroll arrangements in place which ensures the accuracy and legitimacy of payments of salaries and wages, and associated liabilities and as such the council has complied with its duties under legislation.
<i>Do salary payments include deductions for PAYE/NIC? Is PAYE/NIC paid promptly to HMRC?</i>	Yes	The payroll function for the year under review is outsourced to SALC and is operated in accordance with HM Revenue and Customs guidelines. Deductions are paid to HM Revenue and Customs on or before the dates prescribed.
<i>Is there evidence that the Council is aware of its pension responsibilities? Are pension payments in operation?⁸</i>	Yes	The internal audit for the year ending 31 st March 2020 states that at the meeting of 29 th February 2020 Council noted re-declaration of compliance with the Pensions Regulator.
<i>Are there any other payments (eg: expenses) and are these reasonable and approved by the Council?</i>	Yes	Council has noted the changes in the Practitioners Guide for 2020 on the treatment of what can be included as employment expenses within the Annual Governance and Accountability Guide 2020 - section 2.16 refers and submitted within Box 4 of the AGAR. All other employment expenses are reasonable and approved by full Council.
Additional comments:		

⁸ The Pension Regulator – [website click here](#)

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Section 9 – Asset control		
The Internal Audit will be seeking to establish if there is a list of assets in accordance with proper practices including the date of acquisition, location and value. This extends to checking policies (with evidence of review) and that the Council has applied the documented approach in practice. The Internal Auditor will check not only valuation processes but the existence of reserve budgets for depreciation and adequacy of insurance. A clear audit trail should be available when items are purchased including minutes to evidence approval.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Does the Council maintain a register of material assets it owns and manage this in accordance with proper practices?⁹</i>	Yes	The Asset Register was reviewed during the Internal Audit Visit for year-end and reflects those items listed under insurance and within the Parish Council's remit for maintenance and ownership.
<i>Are the value of the assets included? (note value for insurance purposes may differ)</i>	Yes	It is noted that the declared value for all assets at year-end (31.03.2021) is £27,689.48 which is reflected on the Council's Accounting Statements on the AGAR and shows nil movement for the year under review.
<i>Are records of deeds, articles, land registry title number available?</i>	Not seen	No review of these records was undertaken during the internal audit which was carried out via remote means.
<i>Is the asset register up to date and reviewed annually?</i>	Yes	The register was approved by full Council at its consideration of the AGAR for 2020-2021 at the meeting of 5 th May 2021.
<i>Cross checking of insurance cover</i>	Yes	Council has insurance for assets to the value of sums under generic headings covering playground equipment; street furniture; gates and fences; ground surfaces; mowers and machinery; sports equipment and war memorials.
Additional comments:		
<i>Council is mindful of the guidance within the Governance and Accountability for Smaller Authorities in England March 2020, on the valuation of its assets which required authorities to apply a reasonable approach to asset valuation which is consistent from year to year.</i>		

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⁹ Governance and Accountability for Smaller Authorities in England – March 2019

Section 10 – bank reconciliation		
The internal auditor will seek to establish that the Council understands and can evidence good practice and internal control mechanisms in relation to bank reconciliation.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Is bank reconciliation regularly completed and reconciled with the cash book and cover every account?</i>	Yes	Evidence was seen showing that bank reconciliations are completed on a quarterly basis and reconcile with the cash sheets. Overall there is reporting of bank balances within the financial reports submitted at each relevant meeting.
<i>Do bank balances agree with bank statements?</i>	Yes	Bank balances agree with period end statements and, as at year end (31 st March 2021), the balance across the councils accounts stood at £35,749.22 (<i>note error in cashbook</i>) as recorded in the Council's Final Accounts.
<i>Is there regular reporting of bank balances at Council meetings?</i>	Yes	The minutes show that income, expenditure and bank reconciliations are reviewed and accepted at each meeting.
Additional comments: <i>Council is aware that, in accordance with Proper Practices, the bank reconciliation is a key tool for management as it assists with the regular monitoring of cash flows which aids decision-making, particularly when there are competing priorities. The council has understood that the bank statements are evidence provided by an independent party as to the state of the council's cash balances thereby allowing the RFO to ensure that any errors or omission in processing transactions are acted upon in a timely manner.</i>		

Section 11 – year end procedures		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Are appropriate accounting procedures used?</i>	Yes	Accounts are produced on a receipt and payment basis. All were found to be in order.
<i>Financial trail from records to presented accounts</i>	Yes	There is an underlying financial trail from financial records to the accounts produced.

<p><i>Has the appropriate end of year AGAR¹⁰ documents been completed?</i></p>	<p><i>Partly Met</i></p>	<p>As the Council is a smaller authority with gross income and expenditure not exceeding £25,000 it has completed Section 2 of Part 2 of the AGAR which was signed at the meeting of 5th May 2021 and represented to Council at the meeting of 21st July 2021.</p> <p>Recommendation:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Council should ensure that it complies with the Accounts and Audit Regulations and approves the Annual Governance Statement prior to the Accounting Statements. Currently the Governance Statements show the minute reference as “TBA”. 2. Council has also failed to complete fully the Governance Statement and is advised to complete the Box entitled “Other Information required by the Transparency Code”. <i>It is expected that the answer will be “No” – see section below.</i> 3. As stated above under Section 1, Box 3 Other Income had to be restated as the cancelled cheque should be netted off the expenditure columns as opposed to treated as income as this has overinflated income for the year under review and the correct sum for interest is applied. Box 3 and therefore Box 6 have both been amended. 4. Revisions were made as follows: Box 3 to read 1781 rounded (£1,780.69) Box 6 to read £5629 rounded (£5,628.86)
<p><i>Did the Council meet the exemption criteria and correctly declared itself exempt?</i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>As the Council was a smaller authority with gross income and expenditure not exceeding £25,000 during the year 2019/20, it was able to certify itself as an exempt authority. At the meeting of 29th July 2020, Council approved the Certificate of Exemption.</p>

¹⁰ Annual Governance & Accountability Return (AGAR)

<i>During the period in question did the small authority demonstrate that it correctly provided for the exercise of public right as required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015?</i>	Yes	The internal auditor was able to find the arrangements for the exercise of public rights for the period under review and can confirm that the dates set for the year ending 31 March 2020 were from 1 st September to 12 th October 2020.
<i>Have the publication requirements been met in accordance with the Regulations?¹¹</i>	Partly met	The council has complied with the requirements of the Regulations for smaller authorities with income and expenditure not exceeding £25,000 as only the following were published on the public website operated by the Council: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Certificate of Exemption, page 3 • Annual Internal Audit Report 2020/21, page 4 • Section 1 – Annual Governance Statement 2020/21, page 5 • Section 2 – Accounting Statements 2020/21, page 6 • Bank reconciliation • Analysis of variances • Notice of the period for the exercise of public rights and other information required by Regulation 15 (2), Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015.
Additional comments:		

Section 12 – internal audit The internal auditor will revisit weaknesses and recommendations previously identified to see if these have been addressed. They will also check if any changes introduced require further verification to ensure effectiveness of the corrective action taken.		
Evidence	<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>	
<i>Has the previous internal audit report been considered by the Council?</i>	Yes	The Annual Internal Audit for the year ending 31 st March 2020 was noted by full Council at its meeting of 29 th July 2020.

¹¹ Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015

<p><i>Has appropriate action been taken regarding the recommendations raised?</i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>The following recommendations were contained within the written report:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Consideration of Financial Reports to be submitted in accordance with Council's own Standing Orders 2. Review of General and Earmarked Reserves with reference to Proper Practices 3. Reporting of income to Council 4. Review of order in which Section 1 and Section 2 of the AGAR are approved 5. Clear demonstration that the Council has complied with the period for the exercise of public rights 6. Review of the requirements of LGA 1972 – Election of Chair 7. Compliancy with the GDPR
<p><i>Has the Council confirmed the appointment of an internal auditor?</i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>SALC was appointed as the Council's Internal Auditor at a meeting of the Council on 28th October 2020 for the period under review.</p>
<p>Additional comments:</p>		

<p>Section 13 – external audit for the period under review The internal auditor will revisit the external audit so that previous weaknesses and recommendations can be taken into account.</p>		
<p>Evidence</p>	<p><i>Internal auditor commentary</i></p>	
<p><i>Has the previous external audit report been considered by the Council?¹²</i></p>	<p><i>Not applicable</i></p>	<p>As Council was a smaller authority with gross income and expenditure under £25,000 it was able to certify itself as exempt from a limited assurance review.</p>
<p><i>Has appropriate action been taken regarding the comments raised?</i></p>	<p><i>Not applicable</i></p>	

¹² Regulation 20 Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 – following completion of an audit the Council should note that it is the Council as a whole (i.e.. All members) and not a committee that should receive and consider the audit letter (including Annual Return and Certificate) from the local auditor as soon as reasonably practicable and the minutes should reflect that these have been received.

Additional comments:

Section 14 – additional information

The internal auditor will look for some additional evidence of good record keeping, compliance with data protection regulations, freedom of information and website accessibility regulations.

Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<p><i>Was the annual meeting held in accordance with legislation?</i>¹³ (emergency Regulations as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic)^{f14}</p>	Yes	<p>Council held an election for the position of Chair following the resignation of the Chair at a meeting of 29th July 2020. Council did not hold an Annual Meeting during the year under review. <i>Comment: In recognition of this being unprecedented times and following the Government’s guidelines for staying at home and working remotely, the Government included within s.78 in the Coronavirus Act 2020 (made 4th April 2020) the ability for the Secretary of State to have the power to make Regulations to cover the provisions for the holding of meetings. The 2020 Regulations set out those provisions. This also repealed for the year under review, the requirement to hold an Annual Council Meeting. Council has followed these regulations and held its meetings via the Zoom Videoconferencing platform for its meeting between July 2020 and March 2021.</i></p>
<p><i>Is there evidence that Minutes are administered in accordance with legislation?</i>¹⁵</p>	Yes	<p>Council has ensured that its minutes have been uploaded onto its website and that each page is paginated. Council is aware that that under LGA 1972 schedule 12, paragraphs 41(1) and 44 the draft minutes of a meeting should be formally approved (with any necessary amendments) at the next meeting. At each meeting, the minutes are formally approved as a true and accurate record.</p>

¹³ The Local Government Act 1972 Schedule 12, paragraph 7 (2) and Schedule 15 (2)

¹⁴ The Local Authorities and Police and Crime Panels (Coronavirus) (Flexibility of Local Authority and Police and Crime Panel Meetings) (England and Wales) Regulations 2020

¹⁵ Public Bodies (Admission to Meetings) Act 1960, Local Government Act 1972 and the Localism Act 2011

<p><i>Is there a list of members' interests held?</i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>Evidence was seen on the District Authority's website of the Register of Interests for all current Parish Councillors. <i>Council is reminded that whilst the monitoring officer of the District Council must arrange for the parish council's register of members' interests to be available for inspection in the district and must be published on the district council's website, where the parish council has its own website, its register of members' interests must also be published on that website. (Openness and transparency on personal interests - A guide for councillors – August 2012).</i></p>
<p><i>Does the Council have any Trustee responsibilities and if so are these clearly identified in a Trust Document?</i></p>	<p>Not applicable</p>	<p>The council does not act as a sole trustee.</p>
<p><i>Has the Transparency Code been correctly applied, and information published in accordance with current legislation?</i></p>	<p>No</p>	<p>To ensure compliance with the requirements of the Transparency Code for smaller authorities (turnover not exceeding £25,000), Council should be aware that the following should be published on a public website for the year 2020/2021 not later than 1 July: Internal Audit Report List of Councillors and Responsibilities Items of Expenditure Above £100 including recoverable and non-recoverable VAT End of Year Accounts Annual Governance Statement Asset Register and that Agendas of Meetings; Associated Papers and Minutes should be published in accordance with the prescribed timescales as set out in the Transparency code for smaller authorities – December 2014. <i>For the year ending 31 March 2020 the above were seen on the Council's website.</i></p>

<i>Has the Council registered with the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO)?¹⁶</i>	<i>Unknown</i>	The Internal Auditor is unable to verify if the council is correctly registered with the ICO as a Data Controller in accordance with legislation as the requested information was not submitted for review.
<i>Is the Council compliant with the General Data Protection Regulation(GDPR) requirements?</i>	<i>Yes</i>	The Council has taken steps to ensure compliancy and has adopted a policy which is able to be viewed on the website detailing the framework that the public can expect for the handling of requests from individuals who have the right to know what data is held on them, why the data is being processed and whether it will be given to any third party.
<i>Has the Council published a website accessibility statement on their website in line with Regulations?¹⁷</i>	<i>No</i>	The Council has no website accessibility statement on its website and has still to demonstrate that it has checked the website for any accessibility problems or produced a plan to address these problems and fix them 'within reason'. <i>Guidance can be found on SALC's website:</i> https://www.salc.org.uk/advice/website-accessibility-regulations/
<i>Is there evidence that electronic files are backed up?</i>	<i>Yes</i>	
<i>Do terms of reference exist for all committees and is there evidence these are regularly reviewed?</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>	
<p>Additional comments: Recommendation: As The Public Sector Bodies (Website and Mobile Applications) Accessibility Regulations 2018 are now in force, Council should ensure that at the very minimum it publishes on its pages of the website, a Website Accessibility Statement, which has identified the areas which are not accessible and shows that Council has a forward plan so that it can make changes to improve this.</p>		

Signed: *vicky waples*

Date of Internal Audit Visit: 28.06.21, 05.07.21, 20.07.21 & 02.08.21

Date of Internal Audit Report: 03 August 2021

On behalf of Suffolk Association of Local Councils

¹⁶ Data Protection Act 2018

¹⁷ Website Accessibility Regulations 2018